

Capital Market Presentation

(2024)

Content



Chapter 1 Overview Saxony-Anhalt

Chapter 2 Strong constitutional framework of Germany

Chapter 3 Saxony-Anhalt – A strong credit

Chapter 4 Debt Management - Flexible, investor focused, anticipatory strategy

Chapter 5 Saxony-Anhalt's Unique Value Proposition

Contacts



Overview Saxony-Anhalt

Overview



Key facts:

> Capital: Magdeburg

> Airport: International Airport Leipzig-Halle

Saxony-Anhalt	Key figures	Germany
20,452 km²	Area	357,588 km²
2.2 mn inhabitants	Population	84.7 mn inhabitants
EUR 78.4 bn	GDP in 2023	EUR 4.121,2 bn
EUR 78,953	GDP per employee in 2023	EUR 89,721
-1.4%	GDP growth rate in 2023	-0.3%
7.5%	Unemployment rate in 2023	5.7%
Christian Democrats, Social Democrats and Liberals since 2021	Government	Social Democrats, Green Party and Liberals since 2021









Strong constitutional framework of Germany



Constitutional principles

Germany is a Federal Republic, consisting of 2 concurrent levels of government:

State level ("Länder")

Federal level ("Bund")

- **German States Sovereigns within the German Constitution** The 16 States signed the German Constitution. In addition to that they all have their own parliament, courts and government (German constitution overrules State Constitutions). They are autonomous and independent with regard to their budgets.
- > Allegiance to the federation ("Bundestreue") The federal and state governments are under an obligation to respect their mutual interests, to co-operate in the performance of the tasks assigned to them by the Constitution and to render mutual assistance.
- **Federal Equalisation System** The federal equalisation system (enshrined in the constitution and regulated by law) is an important instrument for apportioning the tax revenues to the States. It ensures sufficient financial strength of all states and provides equal standards of living for all citizens in Germany.
- > Zero Borrowing Rule ("debt brake") The states have to reduce their deficit to zero by 2020, the Bund to not more than 0.35% of GDP.
- > Additional Funding opportunity in emergency situations (like COVID-19) The regulation of the debt brake sets out the opportunity to allow additional borrowings because of natural disasters or emergency situations, which are beyond governmental control and harmful to the financial capacity.

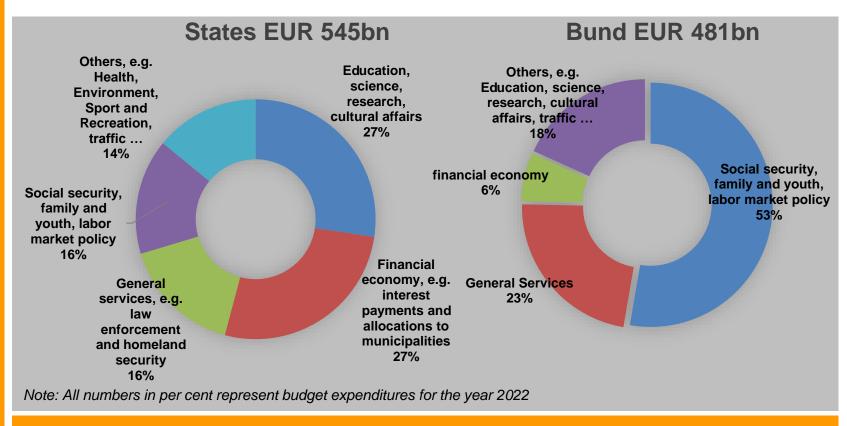
Division of constitutional responsibilities

	States	Federal Level
Primary legislative authority	Education systemPoliceJudicial systemMunicipal affairs	Defence & foreign affairsBankingTrade policySocial insurance
Shared responsibility	Tax legislationPublic serviceRegional development	

At federal level most laws (e.g. all laws in connection with states responsibilities or shared responsibilities or financial matters of the States) have to pass the two houses of parliament - the German Federal Parliament (Bundestag) and the Parliament of the Governments of the States, the German Council (Bundesrat).

Budget - Volume and Structure





- ➤ The importance of the States is displayed by the total sum of governmental expenditures, which are comparable to the federal budget.
- > State budgets are characterized by their responsibilities in the areas of education, law enforcement, tax administration and social security, family and youth labor market policy.
- ➤ The federal budget is dominated by expenditures for social security health, financial economy and retirement insurance.

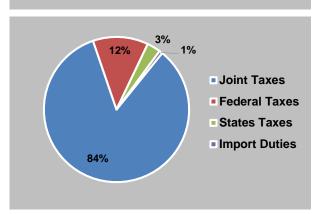
Tax base and Equalisation System



Goal of the revenue equalisation system

- The fiscal equalisation system (regulated by law) is an important instrument for apportioning the tax revenues to the States
- The overriding principle of the equalisation system is to ensure sufficient financial strength of all States to fulfill their constitutional responsibilities
- Living conditions for all German citizens shall be equal, regardless of the States

Distribution of Tax Revenues in 2023



Financial capacity equalisation system since 2020

Distribution of Tax Revenues

Determination of the financial capacity by regional tax distribution

- Adjustment mechanism regarding:
 - Consideration of municipal tax revenues
 - Population

Distribution of tax revenues to balance 63% of the below average financial

capacity

Supplemental vertical support

- Federal grants to compensate the difference to average of relative financial capacity after tax distribution
- Special grant programmes (municipalities, R & D, public transport)

The new regulation of the debt brake in Germany



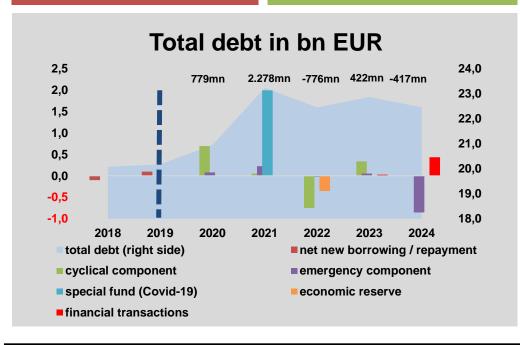
Construction of the debt brake:

- In 2011 the principle of a structural balanced budget of the Federal level (effective in 2016) and the States (effective in 2020) were introduced in Art. 109, 115 GG.
- > The goal is to limit public borrowings to secure a long-dated sustainable development of public finances and to guarantee a lasting reduction of public debt.

Structural component of net borrowing of 0.35% of GDP for the Federal level (0% for the States)

Extension of the debt brake with a symmetric cyclical component

Exemption in the case of natural disasters or emergency situations



mn EUR	cyclical component	emergency component	financial trans- actions
2020	698	81	0
2021	53	2.225	0
2022	-751	-26	0
2023	339	55	28
2024 ^{*1}	0	-853	436

Budget figures according to HHG 2024



Saxony-Anhalt – A strong credit

Saxony-Anhalt - Capital market activities



The view of the Rating agencies on the State of Saxony-Anhalt

Moody's

Rated Aa1, Stable Outlook
Since December 2006



Rated **AAA**, Stable Outlook Since January 2024

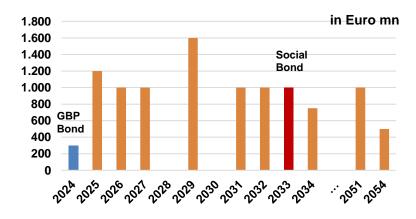


Rated AAA, Stable Outlook
Since March 1999

- √ "Strong ongoing support from the German financial equalisation system" (Fitch)
- ✓ "Sound budgetary performance, conservative debt and liquidity management and low contingent liability risk" (SCOPE)
- ✓ "Sound debt management, with very good capital markets access" (Moody's)

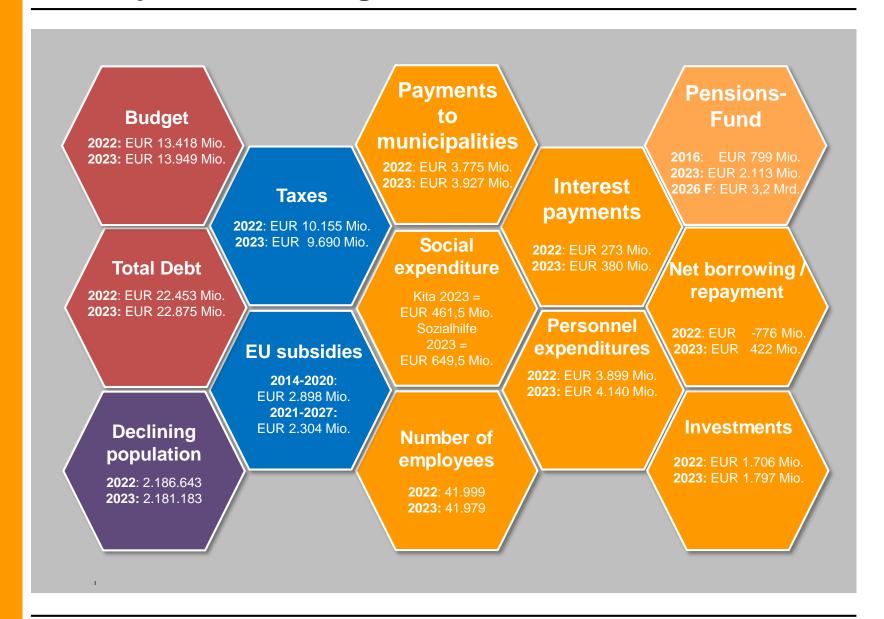
Outstanding benchmark bonds of the State

ISIN	Valuta	Fälligkeit	Kupon	Nominal	Währung
XS2484203083	01.06.2022	16.12.2024	2,125%	300.000.000 €	GBP
DE000A254S41	30.03.2020	01.04.2025	0,000%	1.200.000.000 €	EUR
DE000A3MP7P2	09.11.2021	09.11.2026	0,010%	1.000.000.000 €	EUR
DE000A2GSCL6	26.06.2017	25.06.2027	0,500%	1.000.000.000 €	EUR
DE000A2TR208	29.01.2019	29.01.2029	0,750%	1.000.000.000 €	EUR
DE000A2YNRZ8	21.06.2019	21.06.2029	0,125%	600.000.000€	EUR
DE000A3H3D69	10.03.2021	10.03.2031	0,000%	1.000.000.000 €	EUR
DE000A3MQP00	09.02.2022	09.02.2032	0,350%	1.000.000.000 €	EUR
DE000A30V9A9	15.02.2023	15.02.2033	2,850%	500.000.000 €	EUR
DE000A351SC5	20.06.2023	20.06.2033	2,950%	500.000.000 €	EUR
DE000A3824L4	23.01.2024	23.01.2034	2,750%	750.000.000 €	EUR
DE000A3E5FS7	24.03.2021	24.03.2051	0,500%	1.000.000.000 €	EUR
DE000A3512U6	07.02.2024	06.02.2054	3,150%	500.000.000€	EUR



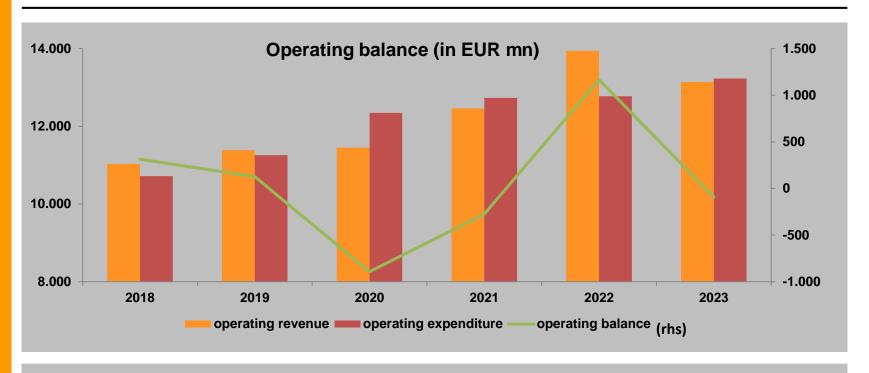
Saxony-Anhalt - Budget





SACHSEN-ANHALT

Saxony-Anhalt - Budget



- Declining revenues from supplemental vertical support and additional grants expired in 2020. Since then the new debt break and the new revenue equalisation system for all States have been in place.
- Saxony-Anhalt had expected from 2020 a more dynamic development of revenues (and more similar to the revenues of the other States), so the spending behaviour was adapted on that gradually.
- In 2020 und 2021 the Covid-19 pandemic and its consequences led to declining revenues and increasing expenditures. Due to cyclical effects the revenues had been increasing in 2022.



Debt Management

Flexible, investor focused, anticipatory strategy

Funding and Debt Management



Benchmark Bonds

- Issuance of liquid benchmark bonds on a regular basis
- Liquid Benchmark curve of the State with maturities between 5 to 10 years
- •Track-record of issuing in EUR, GBP and USD

Social Bond Issuances

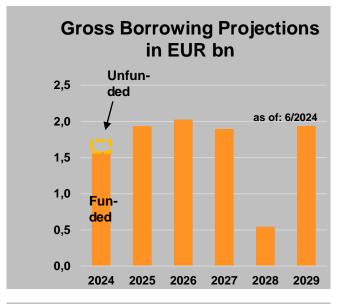
- Establishment of a Framework for Social Bonds in 2023
- •in line with the ICMA SBP, Contribution to 6 UN SDG

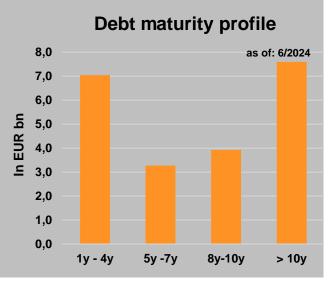
EMTN programme / promissory notes

- Volume of the programme: EUR 8 bn
- Maturities between 1 to 30 years; across different currencies
- ·Listing in Luxembourg

Commercial Paper Programme

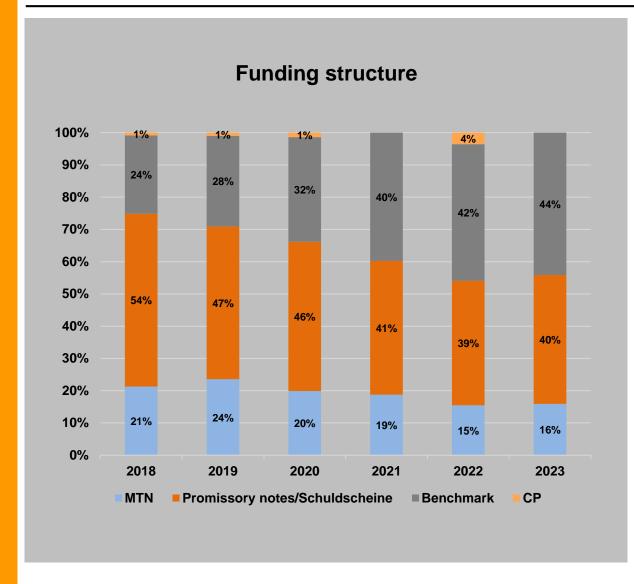
- Volume of the programme: EUR 2 bn
- Maturities between 1 to 12 months for coverage of temporary liquidity needs
- •EUR, USD, GBP, CHF and AUD
- > Total debt (2023 YE): EUR 22.9 bn
- Annual refinancing ratio between 10% to 15% of total debt
- ➤ The strategic mix of all instruments enables Saxony-Anhalt to approach debt management in a flexible manner, especially in terms of investor demands.







Funding and Debt Management



- Strategic financing approach
- Focus on investor diversification
- Clear investor focus
 strong product
 capabilities
- All structures and all foreign currencies are hedged to fix or floating EUR
- Funding history shows high flexibility by using structured products

Deep Dive: Established Framework for Social Bonds – Key facts



Content = 31 projects with a total project volume of EUR 1.898 billion





Consideration and compliance with the ICMA Social Bond Principles (SBP)







External review and confirmation









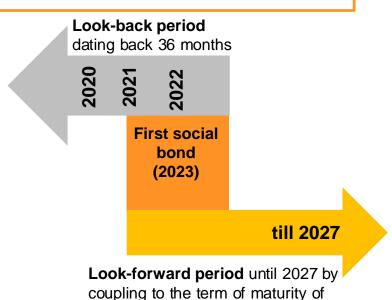




Contribution to the UN SDG

Targeting of the following project categories:

- Affordable basic infrastructure
- Employment generation, and programs designed to prevent and/or alleviate unemployment stemming from socioeconomic crises
- Socioeconomic advancement and empowerment
- Access to essential services



the COVID-19 special fund



State of Saxony-Anhalt's Unique Value Proposition

Key considerations





 Embedded in strongest equalisation system globally among German States and the Federal Republic to support revenue and investment support incl. debt brake

Access to a strong support system





 Corona deficit via symmetrical, cyclical net borrowing shows rapid return to consolidation course with a financing balance of EUR -93 million in 2023

proven budget performance



- · Access to multiple low cost funding avenues
- Saxony-Anhalt is strongly committed to its investor focused and flexible funding strategy, including regular liquid benchmark bonds

Innovative and flexible issuer



- ECB eligibility
- 0% risk weighting in most European Countries
- Basel III: HQLA ('High Quality Liquid Asset') Level 1 asset under LCR

High Quality Asset



Contacts

Contacts



State of Saxony-Anhalt,
Represented by the Ministry of Finance
Editharing 40
39108 Magdeburg
Germany

Markus Krause – Head of Treasury Markus.krause@sachsen-anhalt.de

Tel: +49 391 567 1271

Frank Hufenhaeuser— Head of Asset and Liquidity Management Frank.hufenhaeuser@sachsen-anhalt.de

Tel: +49 391 567 1286

Claudia Ristau – Head of Funding and Portfolio Management Claudia.ristau@sachsen-anhalt.de

Tel: +49 391 567 1272

Antje Hajdu – Head of Liability and Transaction Management Antje.hajdu@sachsen-anhalt.de

Tel: +49 391 567 1395

Wolfgang Schleiff – Senior Funding Manager Wolfgang.schleiff@sachsen-anhalt.de

Tel: +49 391 567 1283

Visit us on the Internet: www.mf.sachsen-anhalt.de

Ticker on BLOOMBERG: RESP LAEN [GO]

Disclaimer



This presentation has been prepared by the Federal State of Saxony-Anhalt (the "Issuer") for the information purposes only.

This presentation does not constitute or contain an offer or invitation for the sale or subscription of any securities of the Issuer and neither this presentation nor anything contained herein shall form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with, any contract or commitment whatsoever.

This presentation is published solely for informational purposes and should not be treated as giving investment advice. It has no regard to the specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any recipient. No representation or warranty, express or implied, is or will be made in relation to, and no responsibility is or will be accepted by the Issuer as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this presentation and nothing in this presentation shall be deemed to constitute such a representation or warranty or to constitute a recommendation to any person to acquire any securities. The Issuer and its respective affiliates, agents, directors, partners and employees accept no liability whatsoever for any loss or damage howsoever arising from any use of this presentation or its contents or otherwise arising in connection therewith.

Any opinions expressed in this material are subject to change without notice and the Issuer is under any obligation to update or keep current the information contained herein.

This presentation has been furnished to you solely for your information and must not be copied, reproduced, distributed or passed (in whole or in part) to any other person at any time without the prior written consent of the Issuer.

The distribution of this presentation into any jurisdictions may be restricted by law and persons in whose possession this document comes should inform themselves about, and observe, any such restrictions. Any failure to comply with these restrictions may constitute a violation of the laws of any such jurisdictions. In particular, neither this presentation nor any copy of it nor the information contained in it is for redistribution directly or indirectly in the US, Canada, Australia or Japan.

© 2024 Federal State of Saxony-Anhalt. All rights reserved. The Federal State of Saxony-Anhalt specifically prohibits the redistribution of this material and accepts no liability whatsoever for the actions of third parties in this respect.